

0B.Sc.(Part-III)(With Credits)-Regular-Semester 2012 Sem V
B.Sc.3529 - Mathematics-II (Optional) : (Special Relativity-I) Paper-II

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



GUG/W/16/3373

Max. Marks : 60

- Notes :
1. Solve all the **five** question.
 2. Question 1 to 4 has an alternative solve each question in full or its alternative in full.
 3. Each question carry equal marks.

UNIT – I

1. a) Prove that Maxwell's equation of electromagnetic theory do not remain invariant under Galilean transformation. **6**
b) Define an inertial system and show that in an inertial frame, a body not under the influence of any force moves in a straight line with constant velocity. **6**

OR

- c) Explain the null result of Michelson Morley experiment by using Fitzgerald and Lorentz contraction hypothesis. **6**
d) Obtain Galilean transformation in relativity. **6**

UNIT – II

2. a) Discuss length contraction in special Relativity. **6**
b) Show that Lorentz transformation form a group. **6**

OR

- c) Prove that $\nabla^2 - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2}$ is invariant under Lorentz transformation. **6**
d) Write down the geometrical interpretation of Lorentz transformation. **6**

UNIT – III

3. a) Obtain the transformation of Lorentz contraction factor $\left(1 - \frac{u^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/2}$. **6**
b) Obtain the transformation equation for component of particle velocity. **6**

OR

- c) Show that in nature no signal can move with velocity greater than velocity of light relative to any inertial system. 6
- d) Obtain the transformation equations for acceleration of a particle. 6

UNIT – IV

- 4. a) Prove that the proper time of a moving object is always less than the corresponding interval in the rest system. 6
- b) Prove that there exists an inertial system S' in which two events occurs at one and the same time if the interval between two events is spacelike. 6

OR

- c) Derive the distance formula or metric in index form of space time geometry of special relativity. 6
- d) Define four tensor. Write its sixteen component in matrix form and prove that $T'^{34} = \alpha \left\{ -\frac{v}{c} T^{31} + T^{34} \right\}$. 6

5. Attempt any six.

- a) Define inertial system. 2
- b) Define space and time. 2
- c) State the postulates of special relativity. 2
- d) Show that simultaneity is relative in special relativity. 2
- e) Write the expressions of relativistic addition law for velocities. 2
- f) Write the transformations for the velocities of a particle. 2
- g) Define four tensor. 2
- h) Define world line. 2
